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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/846,103	04/30/2001	Dmitry O. Gryaznov	002.0160.01	5029
7590 06/07/2006		EXAMINER COLIN, CARL G		
ZILKA-KOTAB, PC				
P.O. BOX 7211 SAN JOSE, CA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Sinviose, Ci	1 ,31,2 1120		2136	
			DATE MAILED: 06/07/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/846,103	GRYAZNOV ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Carl Colin	2136	

	Carl Colin	2136	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence ad	dress
 THE REPLY FILED <u>17 May 2006</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF			
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or this application, applicant must timely file one of the for places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in comfollowing time periods: 	on the same day as fil llowing replies: (1) an a Notice of Appeal (with	ing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid a amendment, affidavit, or other evic appeal fee) in compliance with 37	dence, which CFR 41.31; or
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07	than SIX MONTHS from th b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) /(f).	ne mailing date of the final rejection. WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILI	ED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three mone earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	n and the corresponding an statutory period for reply or	nount of the fee. The appropriate extens iginally set in the final Office action; or (2	ion fee under 37 2) as set forth in (b)
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in co of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply mus AMENDMENTS 	extension thereof (37	CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal	of the appeal.
AMENDMENTS 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejectio	n but prior to the date	of filing a brief will not be entered	l hecause
(a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE be (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in both	consideration and/or se elow);	earch (see NOTE below);	
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling			ig the issues for
NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> . (See 37 CFR 1		ref of infanty rejected ciamic.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR		otice of Non-Compliant Amendme	nt (PTOL-324).
5. $igsqcup$ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be the non-allowable claim(s). 			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): how the new or amended claims would be rejected is p. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:	a) ⊠ will not be entero rovided below or appe	ed, or b) ∐_ will be entered and a nded.	n explanation of
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: 1,5,12,13,15,17-21,28,29,31,33-35,	<u>38-40,43-44</u> .		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	but before or on the dand sufficient reasons	ate of filing a Notice of Appeal will why the affidavit or other evidence	not be entered is necessary
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of fili entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necess 	o overcome <u>all</u> rejection cary and was not earlie	ns under appeal and/or appellant : r presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d	fails to provide a ()(1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explana REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	tion of the status of the	e claims after entry is below or atta	ached.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered	but does NOT place th	e application in condition for allov	vance because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(statement). Other:	s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTC	0-1449) Paper No(s)	

Continuation of 3. NOTE: Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references. Applicant states that the specification indicates index in index files storing pointers to locations in individual files that store information describing a macro virus family, supports the claimed technique where "the set of indices and the macro virus definition data files being organized into a hierarchy". Examiner respectfully disagrees because applicant did not explain how the indices and the files are organized into hierarchy, and the citation provided by Applicant does not explicitly disclose indices and files organized into hierarchy according to macro virus families based on type of application to which the macro applies. Similarly to the segment applicant relies on the specification, Chen (figure 9) discloses sets of numbers and macro virus families being organized into a hierarchical order as interpreted by Examiner. Applicant's selected citation and interpretatation of Bates reference is very misleading. Bates discloses a search engine to access database such as virus database including "index records associated with particular files that include indexes of non-trivial terms and data in the asociated files and categorizing files according to content and create records associated with such files and documents with similar content are categorized in the same categories. With regard to the limitation of specifying a treshold, Perelson also teaches predicting the number of matches for detecting an intrusion (see column 5, lines 25-41 and column 6, lines 23-47). In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). For at least the reasons above and in the Office action, applicant has not overcome the prior art. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does not place the application in condition for allowance. Applicant has amended the independent claims by incorporating some of the cancelled claims into the independent claims changing the scope of the claimed invention, which would require further consideration.

With respect to claim 2, applicant argues that the reference does not disclose the macro virus data files grouped according to a replication method employed. Examiner respectfully disagrees (see column 8, lines 40-57) disclosing routines to detect combinations of suspect instructions and allows to make distinction between macro virus execution and replication; column 7, lines 30-57 suggests detecting only certain classes of virus to facilitate shorter scanning periods. Bates further teaches categorizing files with similar content in the same categories. Regarding claims 4-5, at least Chen discloses identifying instruction set which resulted in a positive virus determination and determining known and unknown virus (column 10, lines 7-15 and column 9, lines 40-65)

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPO 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

/ AYAZ SHEIKH
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